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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/822,487	04/12/2004	Peter Oosterhoff	P-11071.01	3020
27581 MEDTRONIC,	7590 05/21/200 INC	7	EXAMINER	
710 MEDTRO	NIC PARKWAY NE		HELLER, TAMMIE K	
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55432-9924			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	3766	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
		·	05/21/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

ED

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/822,487	OOSTERHOFF ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Tammie Heller	3766			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 March 2007.					
	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
,_	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 32-59 is/are pending in the application	n.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>32-59</u> is/are rejected.					
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
and the disastrat detailed and a first of the defining copies flot received.						
		·				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Pape	Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:					

1. The amendment filed on March 19, 2007 has been received and considered. By this amendment, claims 1-31 are cancelled, claims 32-59 are added, and claims 32-59 are now pending in the application.

Double Patenting

2. In view of the abandonment of Application Number 10/424,585, the provisional statutory double patenting rejection which was made against the claims in the previous Office Action is moot.

Response to Arguments

- 3. Applicant's arguments filed March 19, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 4. Regarding the remarks made in previous responses that are incorporated by reference, the Examiner believes that all previous remarks were addressed in Paper No. 20061208. Therefore, these remarks will not be addressed in the present response.
- 5. Regarding the rejection of claims 1-5, 11-15, and 22-26, which correspond to currently filed claims 32-35, 41-44, and 51-54, as being anticipated by Park, and the rejection of claims 1, 2, 4-12, 14-23, and 25-31, which correspond to currently filed claims 32, 33, 35-42, 44-52, and 54-59, as being anticipated by Van Dam, Applicant argues that neither Park nor Van Dam disclose providing a ventricular pace and then evaluating whether there is an intrinsic component to a resultant ventricular depolarization. The Examiner respectfully disagrees.

- 6. As previously discussed, Park discloses at paragraphs 22 and 24 the steps of delivering a pacing pulse to a heart, sensing the cardiac electrical signals, detecting intrinsic activity within the sensed cardiac signals, and extending a pacing interval between the delivered pacing pulse and a subsequent pulse based on the detection of activity. Further, Park discloses at paragraph 29 that the device 410 is utilized to carry out the disclosed methods, and at paragraph 60, Park discloses that the coronary sinus lead 424 is used to sense activity of the ventricle and pace the ventricle. Therefore, by utilizing the device 410 to carry out the method disclosed in paragraphs 22 and 24. Park discloses delivering a ventricular pacing pulse to a heart, sensing a ventricular signal resulting from the delivered pacing pulse, detecting intrinsic ventricular activity within the sensed ventricular signal within the heart after delivering the pacing pulse, and extending a pacing interval between the delivered ventricular pacing pulse and a subsequently delivered ventricular pacing pulse based on the detection of intrinsic ventricular activity.
- 7. Regarding Applicant's argument that Van Dam fails to disclose providing a ventricular pace and then evaluating whether there is an intrinsic component to the resultant ventricular depolarization, the Examiner likewise disagrees. Regarding Figure 6, the Examiner agrees with Applicant's characterization of this figure in that at decision block 200 it is determined whether an intrinsic Vevent occurred or a paced Vevent. When it is determined that a paced Vevent occurred, the flow progresses to block 215 where intrinsic ventricular activity is detected and further to block 210 where the pacing

interval is extended based on the detection of intrinsic ventricular activity. Therefore, Van Dam discloses each and every aspect of the independent claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 9. Claims 32-35, 41-44, and 51-54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Park. Regarding claims 32, 41, 44, and 51, Park discloses a device which delivers a pacing pulse to a heart, detects intrinsic ventricular activity within the heart, and extends a pacing interval between pacing pulses based on detecting intrinsic ventricular activity (see paragraphs 22 and 24). Further, Park discloses at paragraph 29 that the device 410 is utilized to carry out the disclosed methods, and at paragraph 60, Park discloses that the coronary sinus lead 424 is used to sense activity of the ventricle and pace the ventricle. Therefore, by utilizing the device 410 to carry out the method disclosed in paragraphs 22 and 24, Park discloses delivering a ventricular pacing pulse to a heart, sensing a ventricular signal resulting from the delivered pacing pulse, detecting intrinsic ventricular activity within the sensed ventricular signal within the heart after delivering the pacing pulse, and extending a pacing interval between the delivered

ventricular pacing pulse and a subsequently delivered ventricular pacing pulse based on the detection of intrinsic ventricular activity.

- 10. Regarding claims 33, 42, and 52, it is inherent that when the device of Park extends the pacing interval between pacing pulses, thus increasing the amount of time between pulses, the detection of intrinsic ventricular activity is aided. If there is a longer period of time during which there is no pacing pulse, the possibility of detecting intrinsic ventricular activity is enhanced.
- 11. Regarding claims 34, 43, and 53, Park discloses that modifying the pacing interval includes modulating an atrial to ventricular pacing delay (see paragraph 70, ln. 1-3).
- 12. Regarding claims 35 and 54, it is inherent that the subsequently delivered pacing pulse of Park may be delivered to a ventricle of the heart after the delivered pacing pulse (see paragraph 61, In. 1-3).
- 13. Claims 32, 33, 35-42, 44-52, and 54-59 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Van Dam. Regarding claims 32, 41, 44, and 51, Van Dam discloses ventricular pacing electrodes 28 and 29 at the distal end of ventricular pacing lead 18 which are capable of delivering a pacing pulse to a ventricle of the heart (see col. 4, In. 19-21), detects intrinsic ventricular activity (see col. 11, In. 21-22), and extends a pacing interval between pacing pulses based on the detection of intrinsic ventricular activity (see col. 1, ln. 7-11). Attention is directed to Figure 6 where at decision block 200 it is determined whether an intrinsic Vevent occurred or a paced

Vevent. When it is determined that a paced Vevent occurred, the flow progresses to block 215 where intrinsic ventricular activity is detected and further to block 210 where the pacing interval is extended based on the detection of intrinsic ventricular activity.

- 14. Regarding claims 33, 42, 52, it is inherent that when the device of Van Dam extends the pacing interval between pacing pulses, thus increasing the amount of time between pulses, the detection of intrinsic ventricular activity is aided. If there is a longer period of time during which there is no pacing pulse, the possibility of detecting intrinsic ventricular activity is enhanced.
- 15. Regarding claims 35 and 54, it is inherent that the subsequently delivered pacing pulse of Van Dam may be delivered to a ventricle of the heart after the delivered pacing pulse (see col. 4, In. 19-21).
- 16. Regarding claims 36, 45, and 55, Van Dam discloses that in order to detect intrinsic ventricular activity within the heart, a past ventricular signal is compared with the current ventricular signal (see col. 1, ln. 56-59).
- 17. Regarding claims 37, 46, and 56, the Examiner takes the position that it is inherent that the device of Van Dam utilizes a past ventricular signal where the heart is fully captured by the past pacing pulse. It is necessary for a pacing pulse to fully capture the heart in order to evoke a cardiac response that generates the QT interval of Van Dam.
- 18. Regarding claims 38, 47, and 57, Van Dam discloses that a past ventricular signal may be a most recent ventricular signal resulting from a most recent pacing pulse (see col. 11, In. 37-41).

- 19. Regarding claims 39, 48, and 58, Van Dam discloses comparing at least one morphological characteristic of a past ventricular signal to the same morphological characteristic of the current ventricular signal (see col. 3, In. 9-11).
- 20. Regarding claims 40, 49, and 59, Van Dam discloses that a morphological characteristic that may be used is a T-wave amplitude or T wave slope (see col. 3, ln. 9-11).
- 21. Regarding claim 50, Van Dam discloses memory 59 which may be used to store the past ventricular signal (see Figure 5).

The applied reference has a common assignee with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

Conclusion

22. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

Application/Control Number: 10/822,487 Page 8

Art Unit: 3766

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Tammie Heller whose telephone number is 571-272-

1986. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 7am until

3:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Carl Layno can be reached on 571-272-4949. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Tammie K. Heller Patent Examiner Art Unit 3766 Carl Layno Acting SPE Art Unit 3766

CARL LAYNO PRIMARY EXAMINER

Carl N. Layro